

## Unit 4 / Day 5

# Graphs of Polynomial Functions

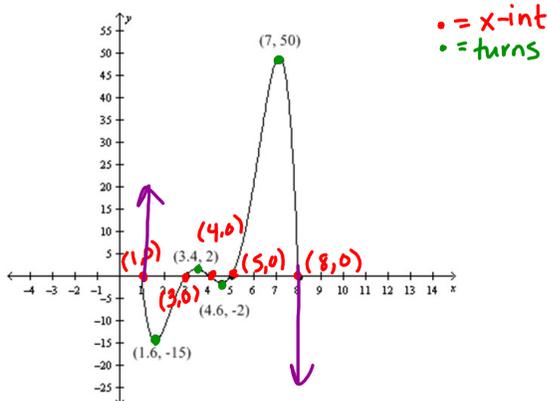
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### Objective:

Students will describe key characteristics of polynomial functions including maximum and minimum values, intervals and end behavior.

Unit 4 / Day 5

Maple Point is designing a new roller coaster that will be partially above ground and partially underground. The following is a graph of the proposed design.



a. What is the domain of this graph?

$$\{x \in \mathbb{R}, 1 \leq x \leq 8\}$$

← 1      8 →

b. What is the range of this graph?

$$\{y \in \mathbb{R}, -15 \leq y \leq 50\}$$

-15    50  
↓      ↑

**x's**

c. When is the roller coaster above ground?  
 $3 < x < 4$        $5 < x < 8$

**x's**

d. When is the roller coaster underground?  
 $1 < x < 3$        $4 < x < 5$

**x's**

e. When is the roller coaster going uphill?  
 $1.6 < x < 3.4$        $4.6 < x < 7$

**x's**

f. When is the roller coaster going downhill?  
 $1 < x < 1.6$        $3.4 < x < 4.6$        $7 < x < 8$

g. How high does the roller coaster go? (y)  
 50 ft

h. How low does the roller coaster go? (y)  
 -15 ft

**VOCABULARY:**

**Real Roots / Zeros / Real Solutions**  
 x-intercepts (if x is a real number)  
 the value of x when  $y = 0$  ( $x = \#$ )  
 where the polynomial graph crosses the x-axis

**Extreme Maximum / Minimum Values**  
 also called "extrema"; the overall largest or smallest y-value on a polynomial graph  
 } y-values  
 } ( $y = \#$ )

**Relative Maximum / Minimum Values**  
 the largest or smallest y-value on a polynomial graph within an interval; it's where the graph turns

**Increasing / Decreasing Intervals**  
 uphill downhill  
 as the x-values increase...  
 an interval is increasing if the y-values are also increasing;  
 an interval is decreasing if the y-values are decreasing

**Positive / Negative Intervals**  
 above ground below ground  
 an interval is positive if the y-values are positive  
 (the graph is above the x-axis)  
 an interval is negative if the y-values are negative  
 (the graph is below the x-axis)

**End Behavior**  
 describes the far right (and far left) ends of the graph

RA: ↑ or ↓  
 LA: ↑ or ↓

As  $x \rightarrow \infty, y \rightarrow$  ↑ = +∞  
 ↓ = -∞  
 right arm

As  $x \rightarrow -\infty, y \rightarrow$  ↑ = +∞  
 ↓ = -∞  
 left

Vocabulary

Identify the following information for the polynomial:

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x^4 - 2x^3 + 6x - 4$$

Real Roots:  $x = -1.71$   $x = 2$   
 $x = .81$   $x = 2.9$

End Behavior:  $As x \rightarrow \infty, y \rightarrow +\infty$   
 $As x \rightarrow -\infty, y \rightarrow +\infty$

Extreme Maximum:  $y =$  none  
 Extreme Minimum:  $y = -7.62$

Relative Maximum:  $y = .84$   
 Relative Minimum:  $y = -7.62$   
 $y = -7.2$

Increasing Intervals:  $x$ 's  $\uparrow$  uphill  
 $-.88 < x < 1.35$   
 $x > 2.53$

Decreasing Intervals:  $x$ 's  $\downarrow$  downhill  
 $x < -.88$   
 $1.35 < x < 2.53$   $\leftarrow$  left

Positive Intervals:  $x$ 's above ground  
 $x < -1.71$   
 $.81 < x < 2$   
 $x > 2.9$

Negative Intervals:  $x$ 's below ground  
 $-1.71 < x < .81$   
 $2 < x < 2.9$

Sketch:

$y$ -intercept:  
 $(0, -4)$   
 $y^{nd}, calc, value, x = 0$

Identify the following information for the polynomial:

$$y = x^5 + 6x^4 - 6x^3 - 36x^2 + 5x + 30$$

Real Roots:  $x = -6$   $x = -1$   $x = 2.24$   
 $x = -2.24$   $x = 1$

End Behavior:  $As x \rightarrow \infty, y \rightarrow \infty$   
 $As x \rightarrow -\infty, y \rightarrow -\infty$

Extreme Maximum: none  
 Extreme Minimum: none

Relative Maximum:  $y = 481.39$   
 $y = 30.17$

Relative Minimum:  $y = -17.15$   
 $y = -30.97$

Increasing Intervals:  $x < -4.93$   
 $-1.69 < x < .07$   
 $x > 1.75$

Decreasing Intervals:  $-4.93 < x < -1.69$   
 $.07 < x < 1.75$

Positive Intervals:  $-6 < x < -2.24$   
 $-1 < x < 1$   
 $x > 2.24$

Negative Intervals:  $x < -6$   
 $-2.24 < x < -1$   
 $1 < x < 2.24$

Sketch: