

Unit 5 / Day 4

Solving Rational Equations

Objectives:

Students will be able to add, subtract, multiply and divide complex fractions.

Students will be able to identify all necessary restrictions.

A2 Unit 5 / Day 4

Solve the following for x.
State any restriction(s) on the variables.
Be sure to check for extraneous solutions!

EX #1:
$$\frac{6(x+5)}{2x-4} - \frac{7 \cdot 4}{3x-12} = \frac{5x}{12x}$$

$$6x+30-28=5x$$

$$6x+2=5x$$

$$2=-x$$

$$x = -2$$

Restrictions: $x \neq 0$

EX #1

EX #2: $\frac{5}{2x-2} = \frac{15}{x^2-1}$ CD: $2(x+1)(x-1)$

$5x+5 = 30$
 $5x = 25$
 $x = 5$

$5x^2 - 5 = 30x - 30$
 $5x^2 - 30x + 25 = 0$
 $\frac{5(x^2 - 6x + 5)}{5} = \frac{0}{5}$
 $x^2 - 6x + 5 = 0$ $\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ \times \\ -1 \\ \hline -5 \\ \hline 16 \end{array}$
 $(x-5)(x-1) = 0$
 $x = 5$ ~~$x = 1$~~

Restrictions:
 $x \neq \pm 1$

EX #2

EX #3: $\frac{11x}{3x} - \frac{1x^2}{3x^2} = \frac{43}{3x^2}$ CD: $3x^2$

$11x - x^2 = -12$
 $x^2 - 11x - 12 = 0$
 $(x-12)(x+1) = 0$
 $x = 12$ $x = -1$

$\begin{array}{r} -12 \\ \times \\ -1 \\ \hline -12 \\ \hline 1 \end{array}$

Restrictions: $x \neq 0$

EX #3

EX #4:

$$\frac{7x+3}{x^2-8x+15} + \frac{3x}{x-5} = \frac{-1}{x-3}$$

(Handwritten notes: $\frac{15}{-3} = -5$, $\frac{-5}{-8} = \frac{5}{8}$)

$$\frac{7x+3}{(x-5)(x-3)} + \frac{3x(x-3)}{(x-5)(x-3)} = \frac{-1(x-3)}{(x-5)(x-3)}$$

$$7x+3 + 3x^2 - 9x = -1x + 5$$

$$3x^2 - 1x - 2 = 0$$

	x	-1	
3x	3x ²	-3x	-6
2	2x	-2	-3

(Handwritten notes: $\frac{-6}{-3} = 2$, $\frac{-2}{-1} = 2$)

$$(3x+2)(x-1) = 0$$

$x = -\frac{2}{3}$ $x = 1$

Restrictions: $x = 3, 5$

EX #4

Steps for Solving:

1. factor denom / common denom
2. cross out denom (=)
3. solve the tops

steps

Challenge: $\frac{2(x-1)(x-3)}{(x+2)(x-1)} + \frac{3(x+2)(x-1)}{(x-3)(x-1)} = \frac{-1(x-3)(x+2)}{(x-1)(x-3)}$

CD: $(x+2)(x-3)(x-1)$

$$2(x^2 - 3x - x + 3) + 3(x^2 + 2x - x - 2) = -1(x^2 - 3x + 2x - 6)$$

$$2x^2 - 4x - 2x + 6 + 3x^2 + 4x - 3x - 6 = -x^2 + 3x - 2x + 6$$

$$5x^2 - 5x = -x^2 + x + 6$$

$$6x^2 - 6x - 6 = 0$$

$$\frac{6(x^2 - x - 1)}{6} = \frac{0}{6}$$

$$x^2 - x - 1 = 0$$
~~$$x = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{1 - 4(-1)(-1)}}{2}$$~~

$$x = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{5}}{2}$$

Restrictions:
 $x \neq 1, 3, -2$

Challenge

(A) $\frac{8x^3 - 27}{9x^4 - 37x^4 + 4}$ (C) $\frac{3x^2 - 5x - 2}{2x^2 - 13x + 15}$
 (B) $\frac{8x^3 - 27}{9x^4 - 37x^4 + 4}$ (D) $\frac{3x^2 - 5x - 2}{2x^2 - 13x + 15}$

(A) $(2x-3)(4x^2+6x+9)$
 (B) $(9x^2-1)(x^2-4)$
 $(3x+1)(3x-1)(x+2)(x-2)$
 (C) $(x-2)(3x+1)$
 (D) $(x-5)(2x-3)$

~~$(2x-3)(4x^2+6x+9)(x-2)(3x+1)$~~
 ~~$(3x+1)(3x-1)(x+2)(x-2)(x-5)(2x-3)$~~

$$\frac{4x^2 + 6x + 9}{(3x-1)(x+2)(x-3)}$$

$$\textcircled{b} \frac{(3x-4)(x-3)}{2x^2+9x-5} - \frac{(x+2)(2x-1)}{x^2+2x-15}$$

$$\frac{(2x-1)(x+5)}{(x-3)} \quad \frac{(x+5)(x-3)}{(2x-1)}$$

$$\frac{3x^2 - 9x - 4x + 12 + \cancel{2x^2} + x - 4x + 2}{(2x-1)(x+5)(x-3)}$$

$$\frac{x^2 - 16x + 14}{(2x-1)(x+5)(x-3)}$$

$$\begin{matrix} 14 \\ \cancel{2x} \\ -16 \end{matrix} \quad \text{Rest: } x \neq 3, -5, \frac{1}{2}$$

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$$\textcircled{g} \frac{5}{x+4} + \frac{-1(x+4)}{1(x+4)} = \frac{5-x-4}{x+4}$$

$$\frac{8(x+4)}{1(x-4)} \cdot \frac{9}{x+4} = \frac{8x+32-9}{x+4}$$

$$\frac{(-x+1)}{\cancel{(x+4)}} \cdot \frac{\cancel{(x+4)}}{(8x+23)} = \frac{-x+1}{8x+23}$$

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$$\textcircled{f} \quad \frac{\frac{1}{x} + \frac{11x}{1x}}{\frac{2}{y} - \frac{12y}{1y}} = \frac{\frac{1+11x}{x}}{\frac{2-12y}{y}}$$

$$\frac{1+11x}{x} \cdot \frac{y}{2-12y} = \frac{y(11x+1)}{2x(1-6y)}$$

$$x \neq 0 \quad y \neq \frac{1}{6} \quad y \neq 0$$

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$$\textcircled{c} \frac{\textcircled{A} 6x^2 - 9}{\textcircled{B} 4x^2 - 17x - 15} \div \frac{\textcircled{C} 6x^2 + 17x + 7}{\textcircled{D} 6x^2 - 5x - 4}$$

$$\textcircled{A} (4x+3)(4x-3) \quad \textcircled{C} (3x+7)(2x+1)$$


$$\textcircled{B} (4x+3)(x-5) \quad \textcircled{D} (3x-4)(2x+1)$$

$$\frac{\cancel{(4x+3)}(4x-3)(3x-4)(2x+1)}{\cancel{(4x+3)}(x-5)(3x+7)(2x+1)}$$

$$\frac{(4x-3)(3x-4)}{(x-5)(3x+7)}$$

Rest: $x \neq -\frac{3}{4}, 5, -\frac{7}{3}, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}$

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$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{d)} \quad & \frac{(3x-1)(x+2)}{x^2-49} + \frac{(3x+2)(x+7)}{x^2-5x-14} \\
 & \frac{(x+7)(x-7)}{(x+2)} \quad \frac{(x-7)(x+2)}{(x+7)} \\
 & = \frac{3x^2+6x-x-2+3x^2+21x+2x+14}{(x+7)(x-7)(x+2)} \\
 & = \frac{6x^2+28x+12}{(x+7)(x-7)(x+2)} \\
 & = \frac{2(3x^2+14x+6)}{(x+7)(x-7)(x+2)}
 \end{aligned}$$


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$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{e)} \quad & \frac{3}{\frac{2x+y}{x} + \frac{y}{x}} = \frac{3}{\frac{2x+y}{x}} \\
 & \frac{3}{1} \cdot \frac{x}{2x+y} = \frac{3x}{2x+y} \\
 \text{Rest: } & 2x+y \neq 0 \quad (x \neq 0) \\
 & \frac{2x}{2} \neq \frac{-y}{2} \\
 & (x = -\frac{y}{2}) \text{ or } (y \neq -2x)
 \end{aligned}$$

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$$\textcircled{h} \quad \frac{\frac{25y^2}{xy} - \frac{36x^2}{yx}}{\frac{5y}{xy} - \frac{6x}{yx}} = \frac{\frac{25y^2 - 36x^2}{xy}}{\frac{5y - 6x}{xy}}$$

$$\frac{25y^2 - 36x^2}{xy} \cdot \frac{xy}{5y - 6x}$$

$$\frac{(5y + 6x)\cancel{(5y - 6x)}xy}{xy\cancel{(5y - 6x)}} = \textcircled{5y + 6x}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x \neq 0 \\ y \neq 0 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} 5y - 6x \neq 0 \\ \frac{5y}{5} \neq \frac{6x}{5} \\ \textcircled{y \neq \frac{6x}{5}} \end{array}$$

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$$\textcircled{3} \quad y = -x^2(x+2)(x-4)^3$$

- $\textcircled{4}$ crosses at $(2, 0)$
 flattens at $(-3, 0)$
 bounces at $(1, 0)$
 passes through $(-4, 16)$

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$$\textcircled{5} \quad x = \frac{3}{4}, 2i$$

$$\textcircled{6} \quad x = 0, -2 + \sqrt{3}$$

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$$\textcircled{7} \quad x = 2 - i, -1 + 2\sqrt{3}, -\frac{2}{3}$$

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